Transition of MIL-HDBK-5 USAF → **FAA**

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Defense Standardization Program
Conference



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Introduction





Scope

MIL-HDBK-5 → Primary Source of Static Design Allowables for Metallic Materials and Structural Elements (Fasteners) that are Used in the Design of Aircraft and Aerospace Structures

Objective

Develop Design Properties from data generated and provided by industry and provide in a







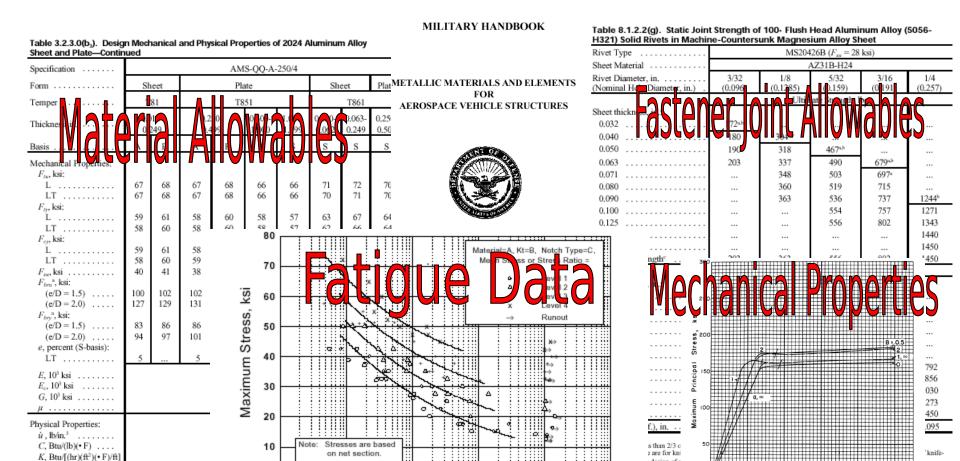
á, 10⁻⁶ in./in./• F

b See Table 3.1.2.1.1.

a Bearing values are "dry pin" values per Section 1.4.7.1

Handbook Contents





107

Figure 1.4.9.2(a). Best fit S/N curve diagram for a material at various stress ratios.

Fatigue Life, Cycles

Strain, 0.001 in./in. Figure 2.3.1.3.6(d). Typical biaxial stress-strain curves at room temperature for AISI 4340 alloy steel (machined thin-wall cylinders, axial direction = longitudinal direction of bar stock), F., = 180 ksi. A biaxial ratio, B, denotes the ratio of hoop stresses to axial stresses.

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oth is docur yield load:



Handbook Evolution



- 1937 Predecessor Document to MIL-HDBK-5 (ANC-5) First Issued (ANC -- Army, Navy, Commerce)
- 1956 Air Force Assumed Responsibility for Maintaining ANC-5
- 1959 First Issue of MIL-HDBK-5 Published
- 1971 Incorporated detailed guidelines for statistical analysis of data
- 1997 Formalized Industry Steering Group (ISG) to complement government-supported coordination activities
- 2001 Began transition of government leadership of MIL-HDBK-5 coordination from Air Force to Federal Aviation Administration



Handbook Process



- Government/industry collaborative effort
- Network of steering, working and task groups responsible for setting goals, planning, tasking, etc.
- All proposed handbook revisions subject to formal review process on Bi-Annual Basis (Spring and Fall) at General Coordination Committee (GCC) meeting
- Implementation of revisions requires approval of GCC composed of Industry, Government and unbiased third party secretariat



Industry Participation



- Aerospace industry (suppliers and manufacturers)
 has been a key player in handbook activities.
- Source for information entered in handbook and responsible party for:
 - Registering new materials developed
 - Developing material specifications
 - Testing materials to generate design allowables
- Active in handbook process:
 - Participate in GCC meeting where decisions are made to the entry, deletion, or modification of handbook contents
 - Provide review, feedback, and input to agenda items and meeting minutes from GCC meetings



What Happened?!?







Need to Transition



- <u>Charter: Establish New</u>
 <u>Direction/transition Strategy for MIL-HDBK-5 Process</u>
- S&T Budget Reduction.
- No Contribution From Army, Navy, NASA.
- Bridge Funding Exhausted.



Recommended Approach



- FAA contracts with Battelle using current MIL-HDBK-5 "process".
- Coordination meetings similar to AF contract.
- Document created entitled Metallic Materials Properties Development and Standardization (MMPDS) Handbook.
 - Format identical to MIL-HDBK-5 document.

Pros

- Restored level of effort.
- Governmental control of data rights.
- Document virtually identical to military handbook.

Cons

- Loss of DoD custodianship.
- •No longer a "military handbook".
- Questions about use of data for design of military aircraft.
- Requires transfer of historical documents and archival raw data.



Implementation

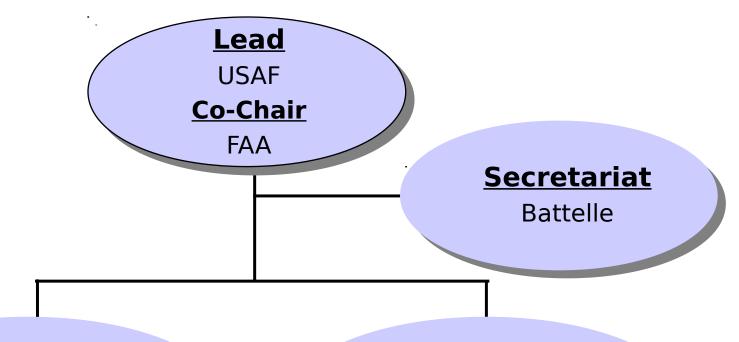


- Establish AFRL/FAA MOA (May 02)
 - 4 year agreement with optional 2 year extension.
 - Continued AFRL access to all medias and publications.
 - Continued Co-Chairmanship of activity.
 - Corporate Board Membership with provision for document at no cost.
- Ensure FAA access to archival/historical records (15 filing cabinets).
- Continued technical engineering support from AFRL.



Organization (Pre-Transition)





Gov. Representatives

FAA, USAF, Army, Navy, DLA, NASA

Industry Representatives

Airframers

Material Producers

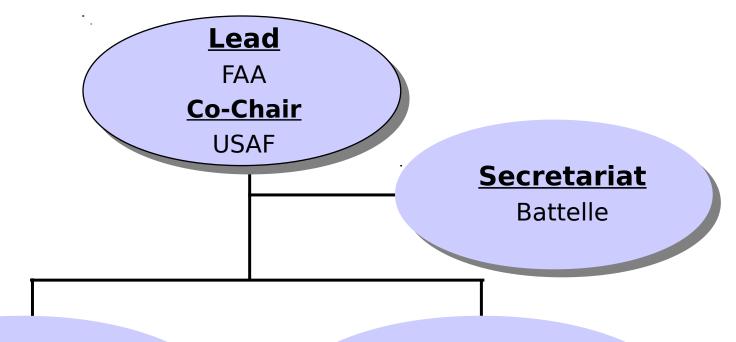
Fastener Manufactures

Suppliers



Organization (Post-Transition)





Gov. Representatives

FAA, USAF, Army, Navy, DLA, NASA

Industry Representatives

Airframers

Material Producers

Fastener Manufactures

Suppliers



Transition Status



- April 2002 1st MMPDS, 101st MIL-HDBK-5 Coordination Meeting, Atlantic City, NJ.
- September 2002 FAA Contract with Battelle to continue support of MIL-HDBK-5 process and development of MMPDS.
- October 2002 2nd MMPDS, 102nd MIL-HDBK-5 Coordination Meeting, Cocoa Beach, FL.
- February 2003 First version of MMPDS/final version of MIL-HDBK-5.
- April 2003:
 - 3rd MMPDS Coordination Meeting, Las Vegas, NV.
 - Drafts of MMPDS Management/Commercialization Plans.
- May 2004 MIL-HDBK-5 Cancellation Notice released.
- June 2004 MMPDS Survey on Commercialization sent to users.
- October 2004 Survey results discussed.



Management Plan

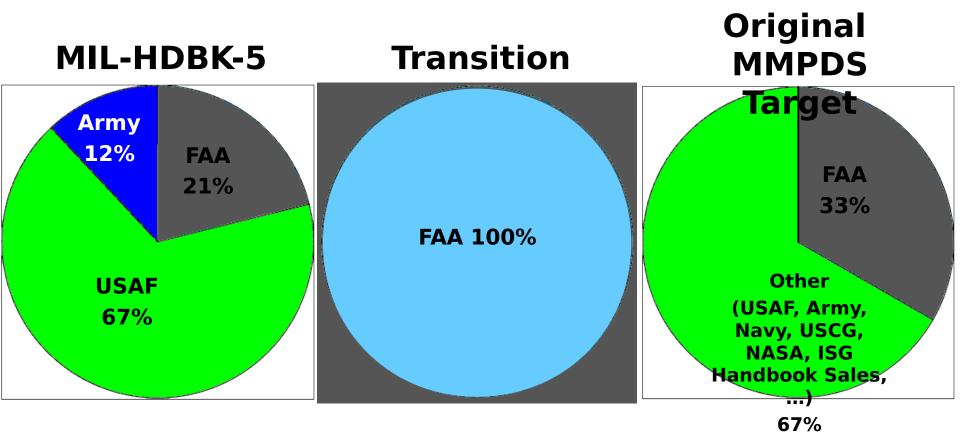


- Goal: Establish more equitable and sustainable sponsorship for the MMPDS
 - Target FAA Share: 33%
- Potential Avenues:
 - Expand and Strengthen Membership of Governmental Partners
 - Draw Increased Support from Industry
 - Sell handbook to Non GSG and ISG members



Targeted Funding Profile

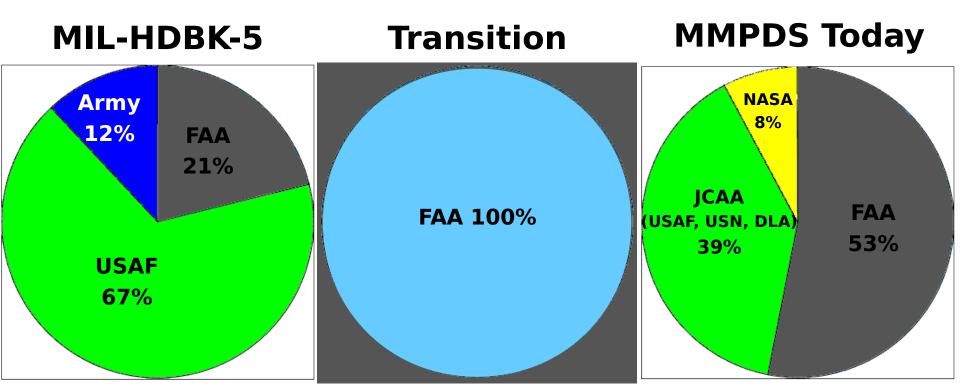






Targeted Funding Profile

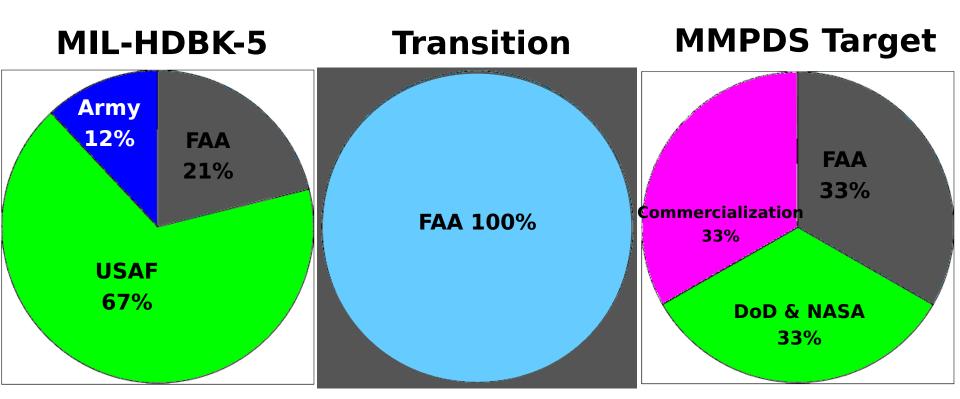






Targeted Funding Profile







Commercialization Plan



- Broaden Government/Industry cooperative efforts, thereby pooling resources and sharing benefits and results.
 - Government regulatory role shall be maintained.
- Develop more positive incentives to broaden active government and industry participation and sustain required funding base.
 - Copyright control
- Provide supplemental revenue for Handbook coordination efforts.
 - Licensing agreements for reproduction and distribution of MMPDS products
 - Users must pay for access to currently approved design data
 - Net income from sales to be re-invested into coordination activities



Summary



- Handbook is still the premier source for static design allowables for metallic materials and structural elements used in the design of aircraft and aerospace structures.
- Maintain a standardized process for establishing statistically based allowables required for aircraft certification and continued airworthiness.
- Active government/industry coordination is essential to maintain the integrity of the design allowable and guideline development process.
- Encouraging and obtaining broader government and industry support for the long term health of the handbook.